



TANGO: Secure Collaborative Route Control across the Public Internet

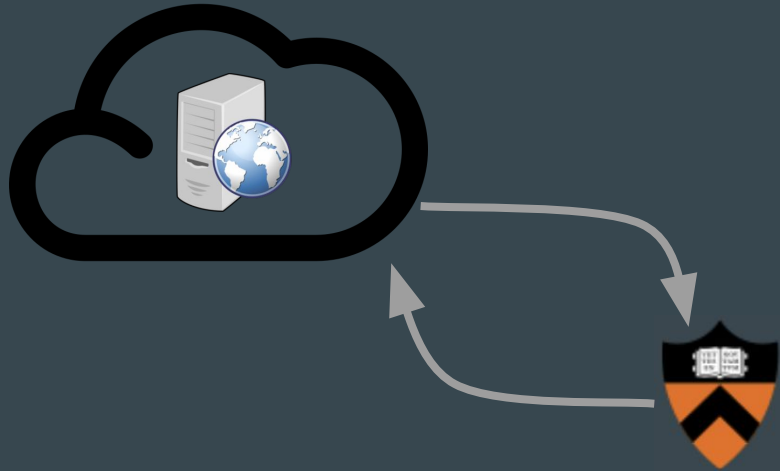
Henry Birge-Lee ,
Sophia Yoo, Benjamin Herber,
Jennifer Rexford, Maria Apostolaki



**Is today's Internet good enough for
performance-critical applications?**

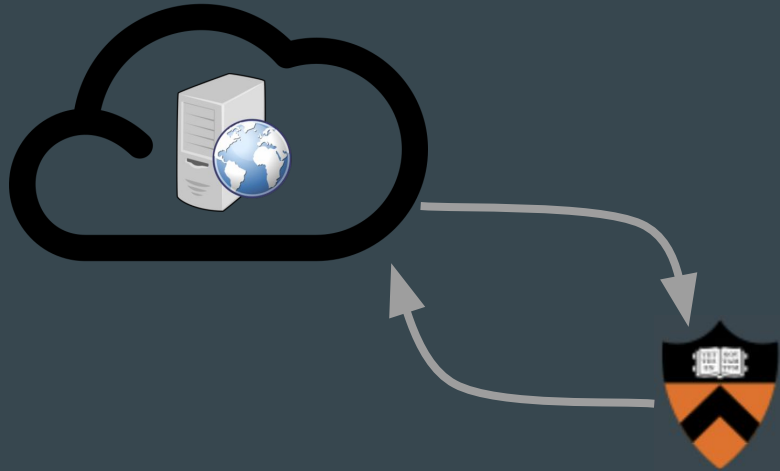
Scenario: University working with a small cloud provider

- Small cloud provider offers best price and capabilities
- Performance critical apps need to be reached from campus
- Campus and cloud communicate over the public Internet



Problem: Internet doesn't offer performance guarantees

- Latency can be too large or inconsistent
- Loss can be unacceptably high
- Reliability suffers



One Approach: Network performance is offered as a paid service!

Edge computing : performance-critical services placed close to edge networks

AWS for the Edge

Bring the world's most capable and secure cloud to you



**Google
Edge Network**

Network-as-a-Service (NaaS) : on-demand products offering reliable, reserved bandwidth point-to-point links

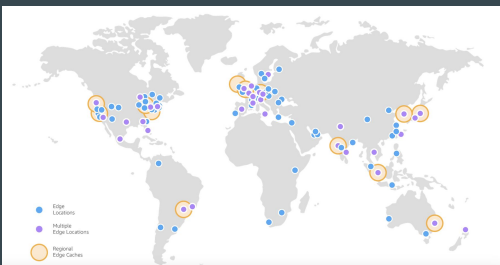


Megaport

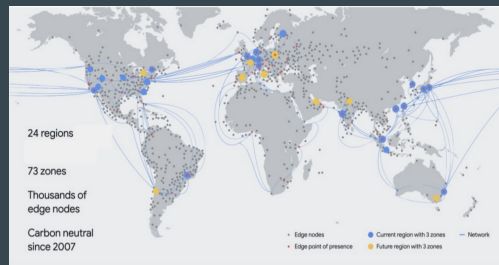
But small networks and underserved regions cannot compete

Only hypergiants can afford vast numbers of edge nodes

AWS:



Google:



Only large organizations can afford network-as-a-service

Packet
Fabric:

Interface Chicago (CHI1) 10Gbps ↔ Interface New York City (NYC1)

1 Month **\$1,750.00** / Month
\$500.00 / NRC

What would it take for the Internet to serve performance-critical apps?

- We need to know what paths are available (**Path Diversity**)
- We need to accurately measure performance along those paths (**Measurements**)
- We need to dynamically route traffic down the best path (**Route Control**)

Overcoming the challenges of Internet performance with Tango

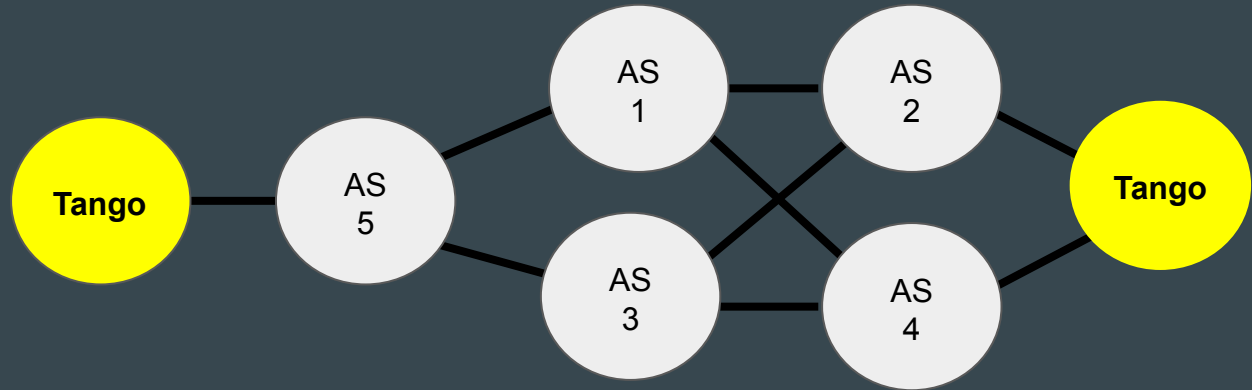


Tango

Overcoming the challenges of Internet performance with Tango



Tango

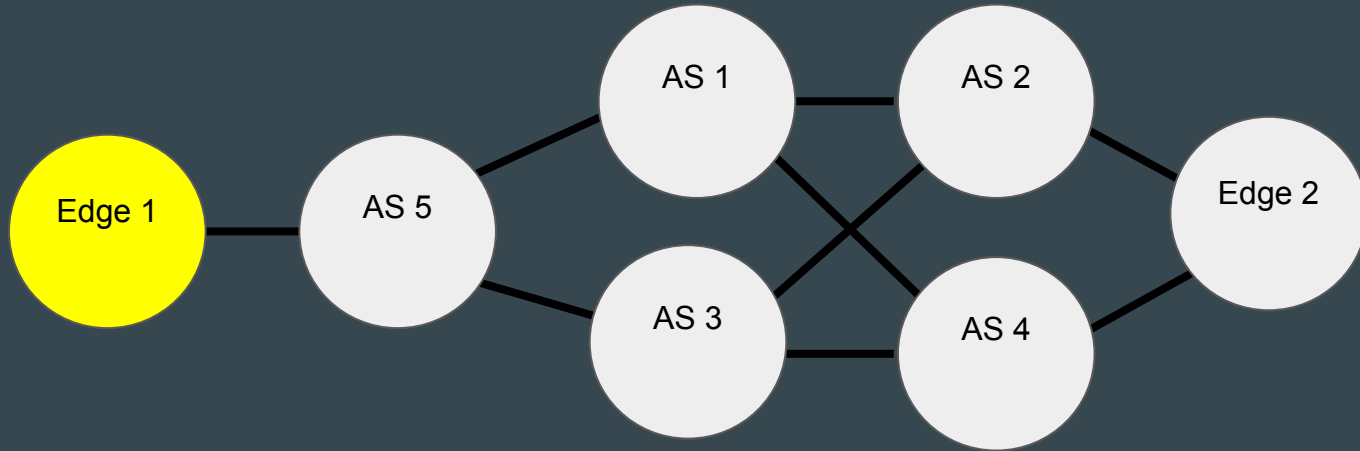


Cooperative and secure edge-to-edge routing with Tango

What would it take for the Internet to serve performance-critical apps?

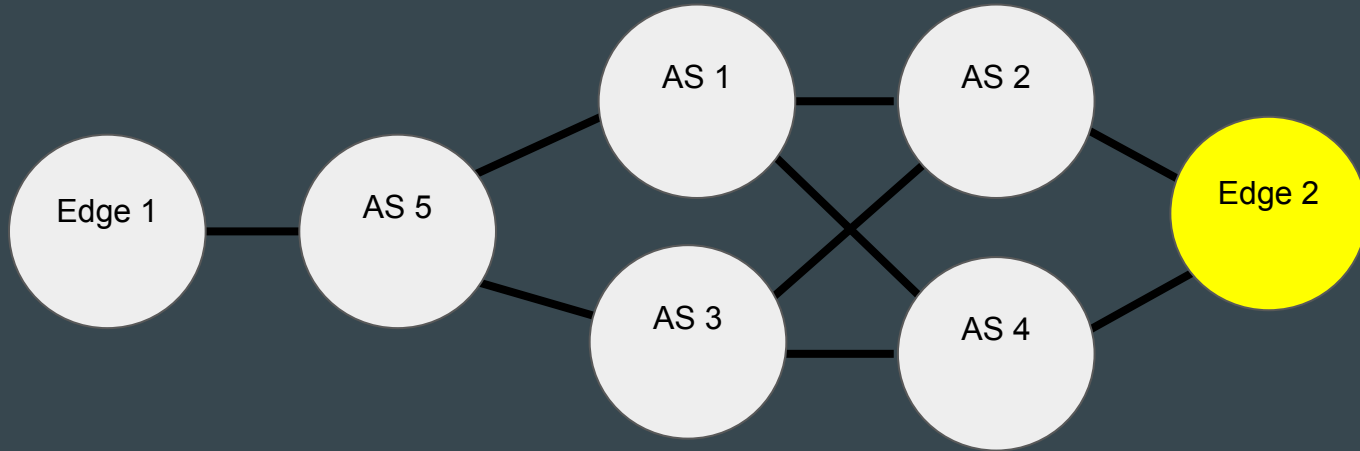
- **Path Diversity** ←
- **Measurements**
- **Route Control**

Why **Path Diversity** is hard: Traditional Internet Routing (BGP) does not expose all paths



- Edge 1 only has a single upstream thus a single path exported by AS 5

Why **Path Diversity** is hard: Traditional Internet Routing (BGP) does not expose all paths



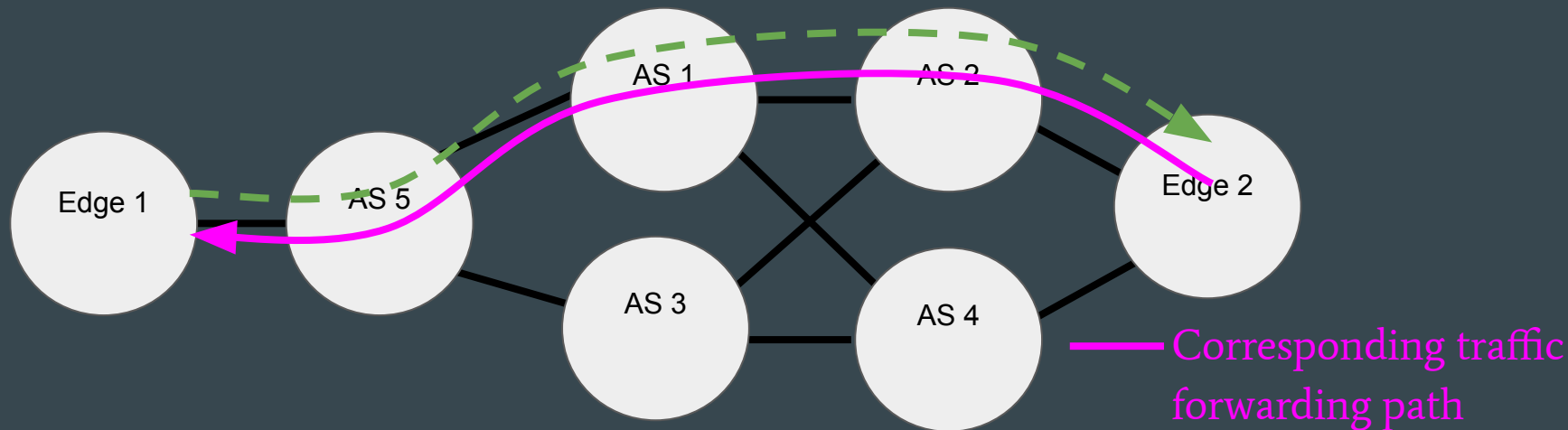
- **Edge 2 is multi-homed but only influences a single hop, not the whole route**

Solution: automatically exposing **Path Diversity** with BGP pathfinder

BGP Pathfinder has no knowledge of the topology:

Begin with the default path

— BGP announcement propagation
prefix: abcd:1::/48



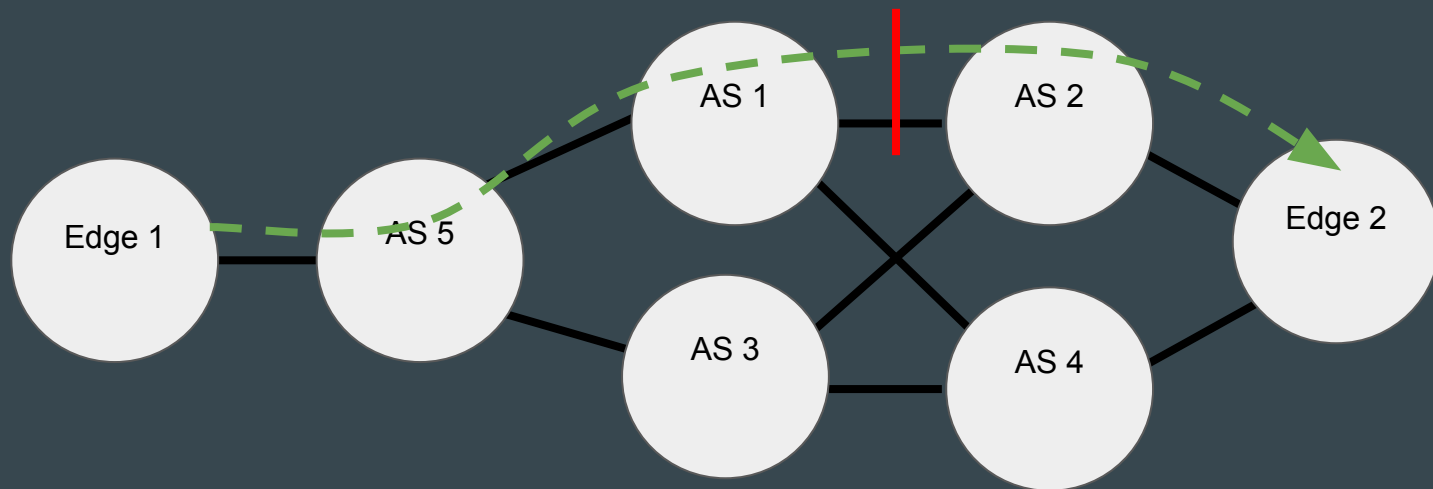
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prefix: abcd:1::/48

communities: AS1:No_Export_to_AS2

Suppress the default path



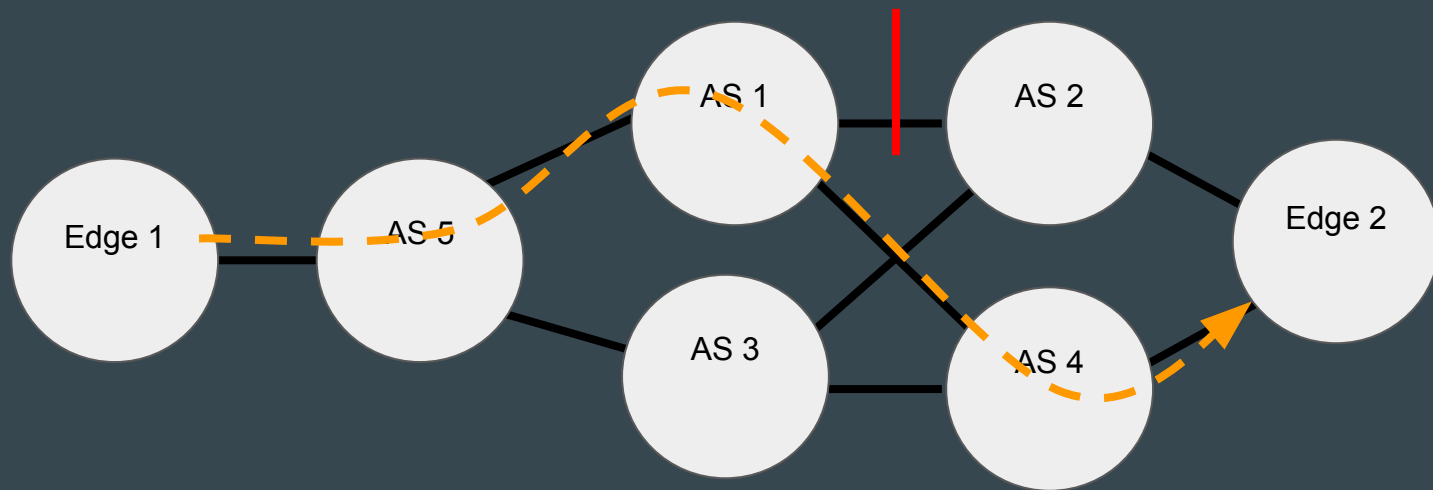
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Find the next path



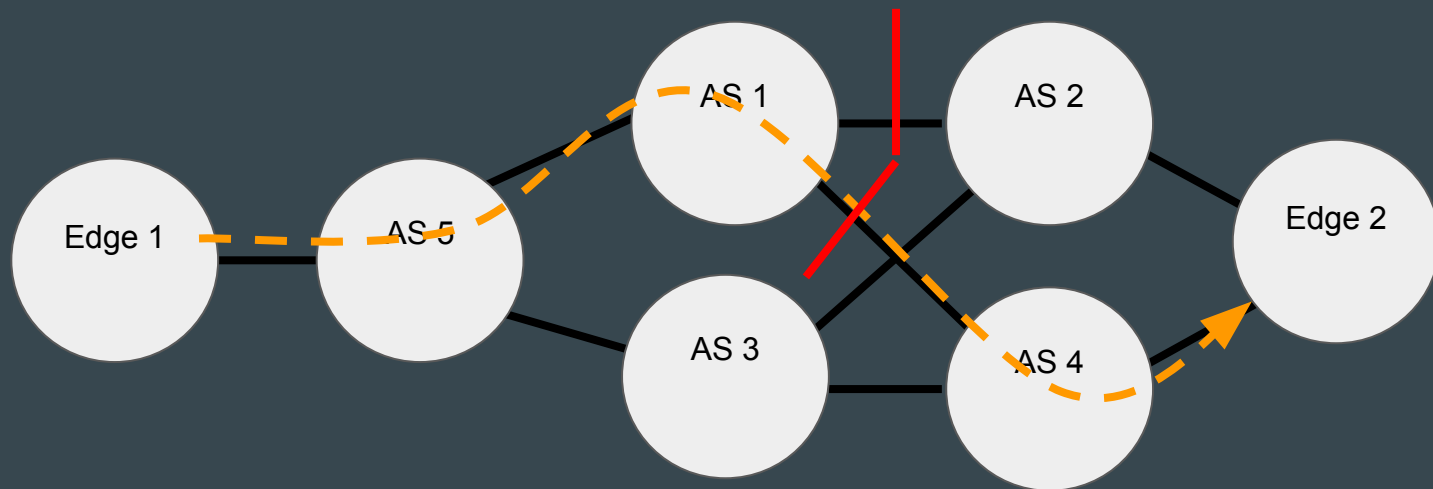
Solution: automatically exposing **Path Diversity** with BGP pathfinder

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prefix: abcd:1::/48

communities: AS1:No_Export_to_AS2, AS1:No_Export_to_AS4

Suppress the new path



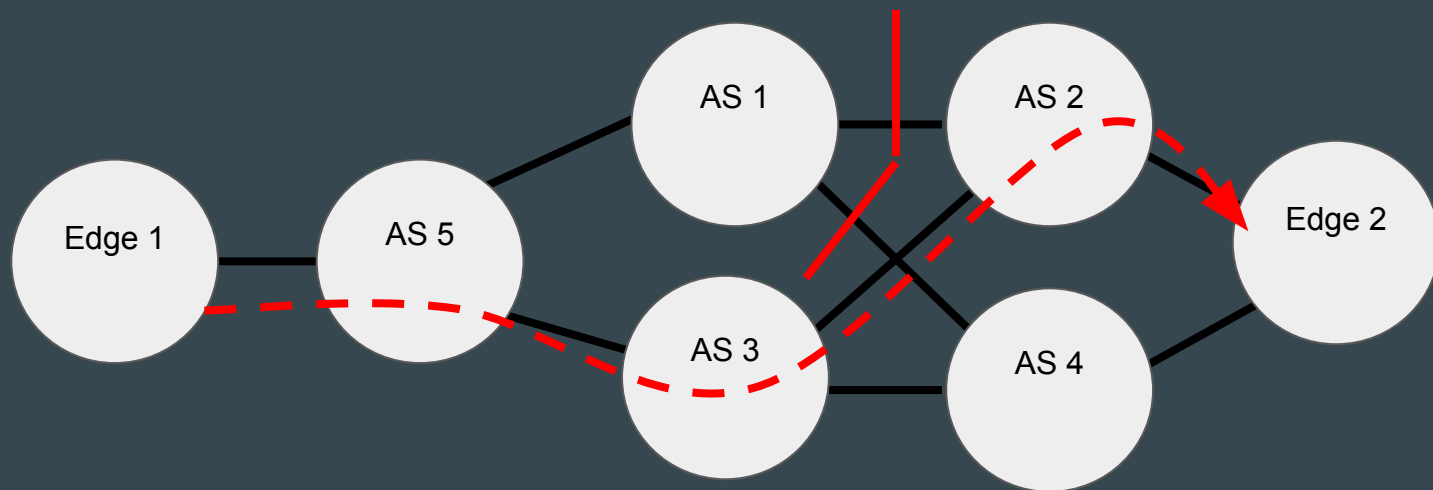
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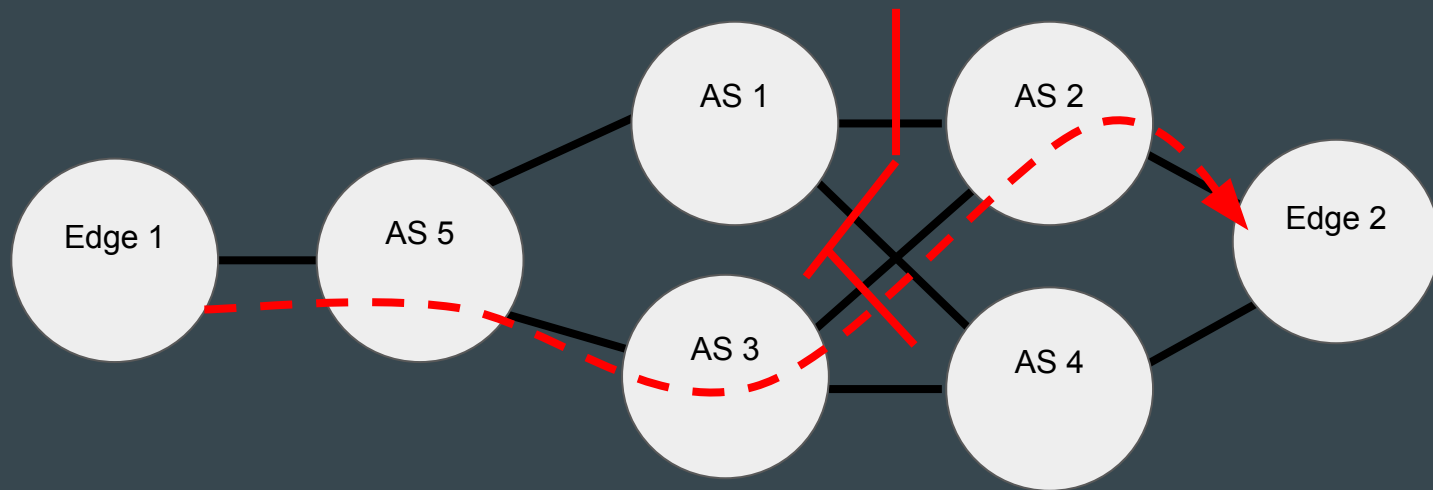
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Repeat



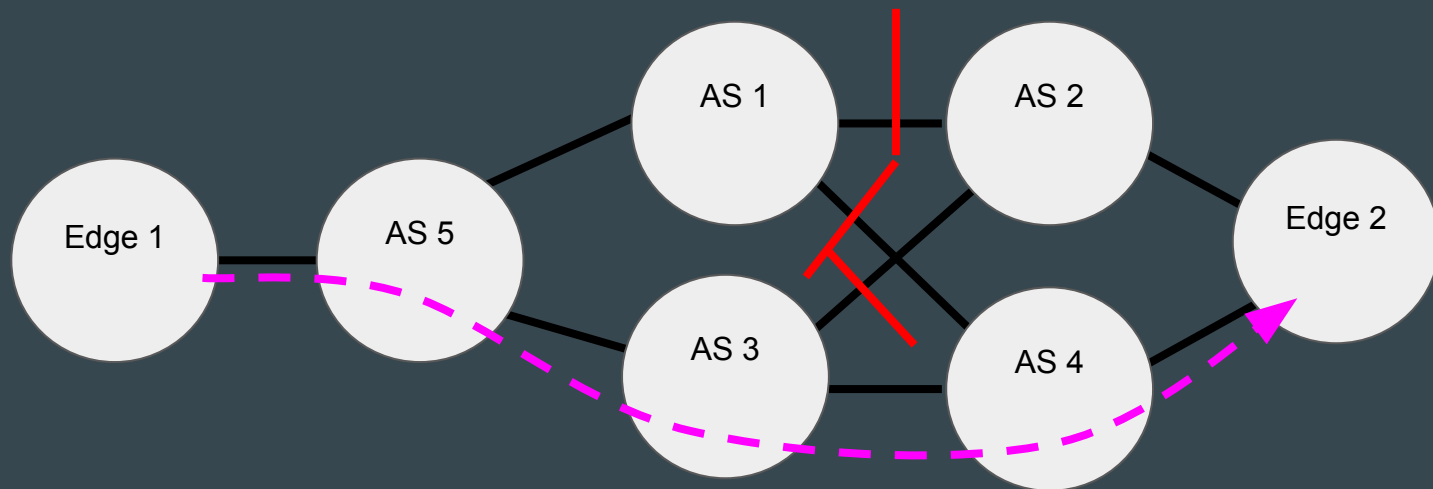
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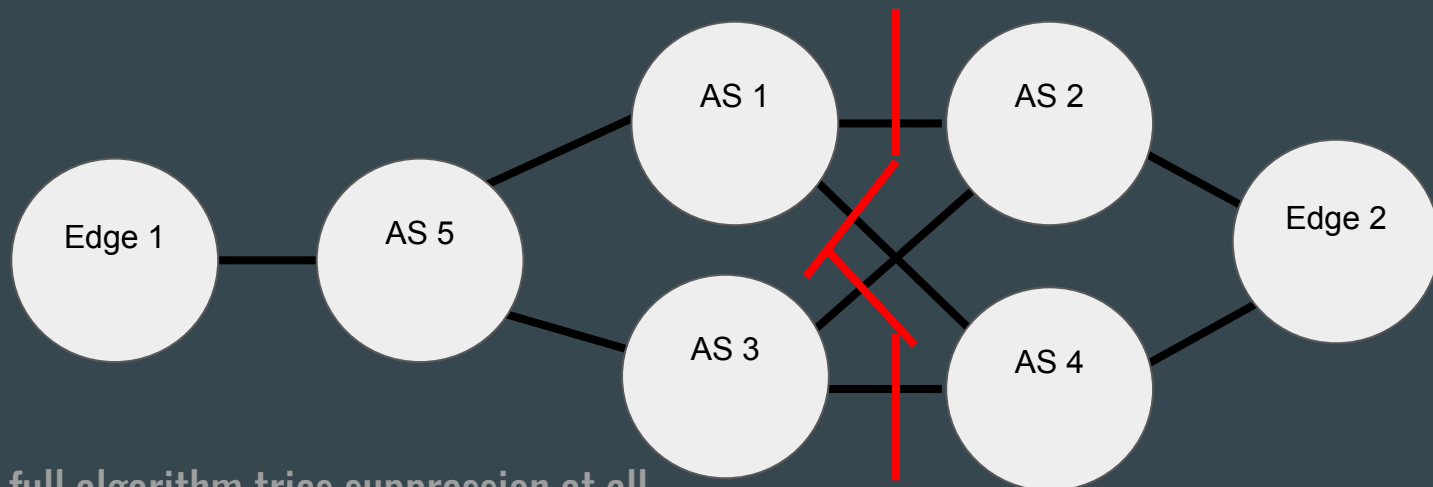


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Stop when no paths remain

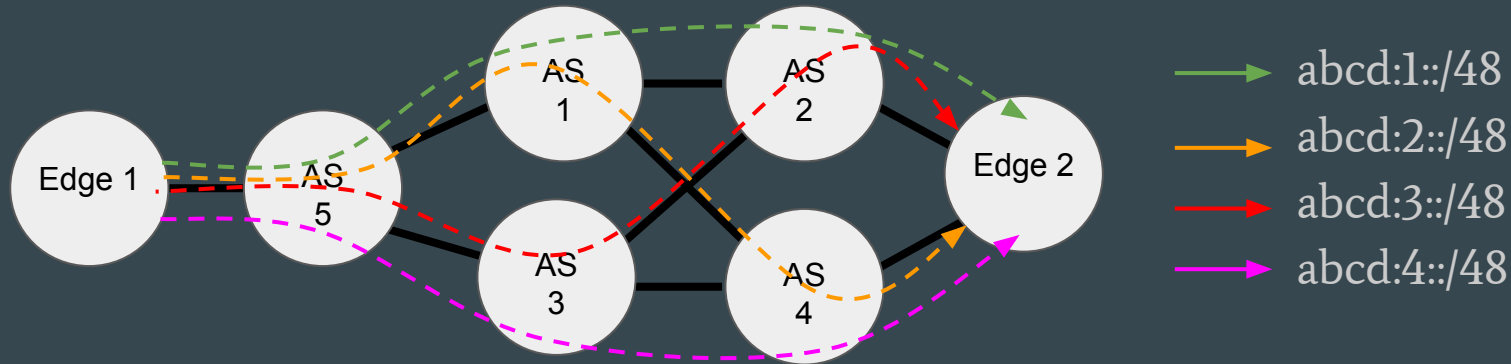
communities: AS1:No_Export_to_AS2, AS1:No_Export_to_AS4, AS3:No_Export_to_AS2, AS3:No_Export_to_AS4



Note: full algorithm tries suppression at all hops along path

NO Paths Available

Different prefixes are announced along different paths

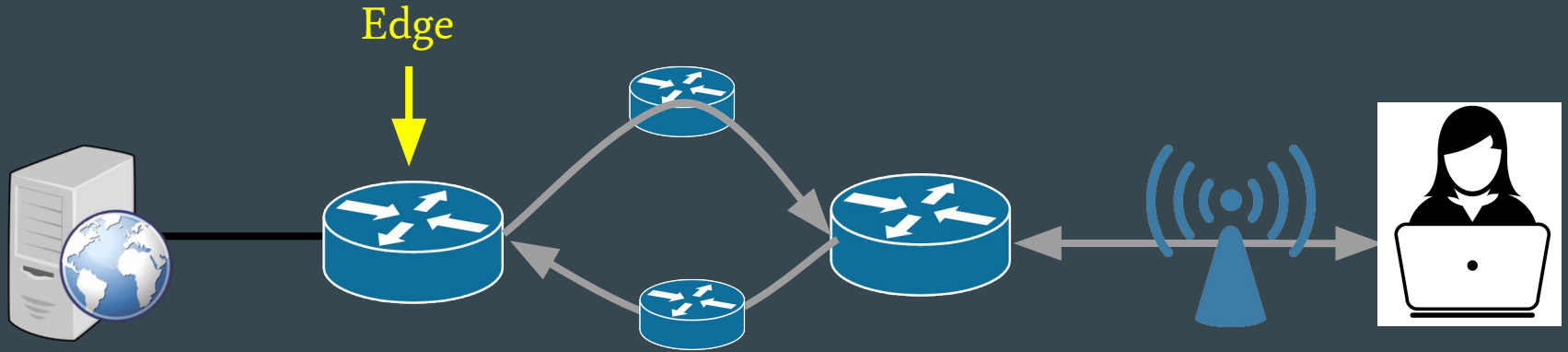


- **Destination** Tango nodes can announce multiple IP prefixes along different paths using BGP communities
- **Source** Tango node can select which path to use by selecting a prefix to reach the destination
- **BGP announcements** are stable, BGP pathfinder only needs to be rerun periodically ²¹

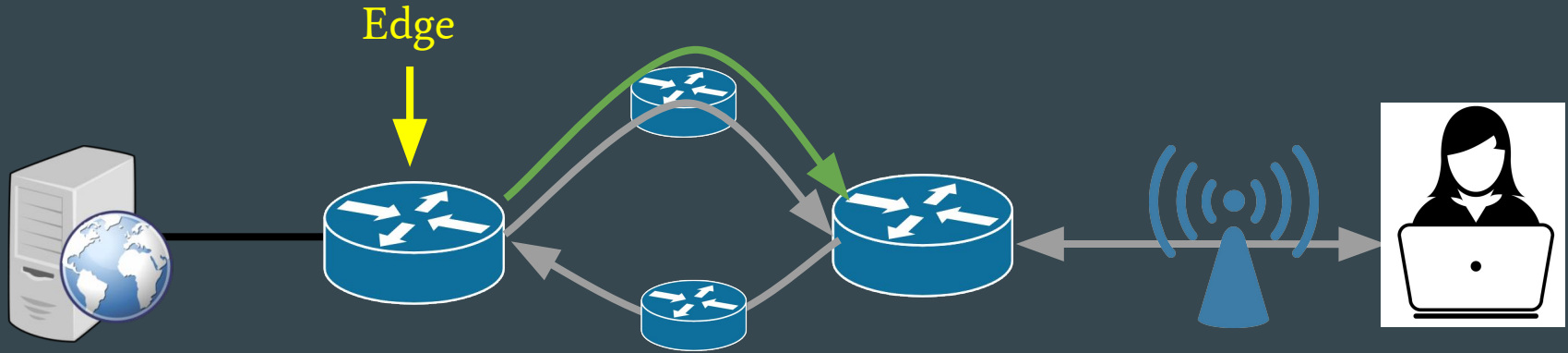
What would it take for the Internet to serve performance-critical apps?

- Path Diversity
- **Measurements** ←
- Route Control

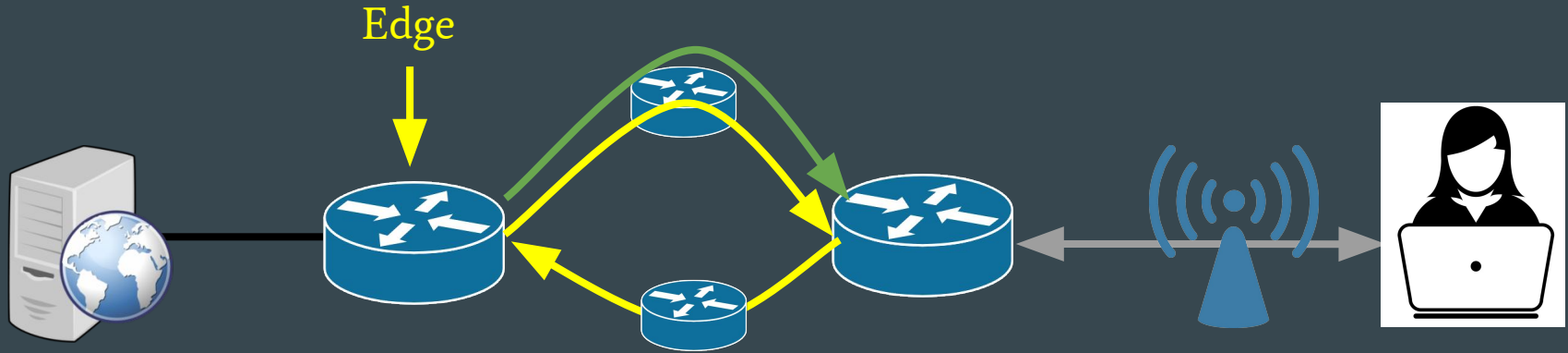
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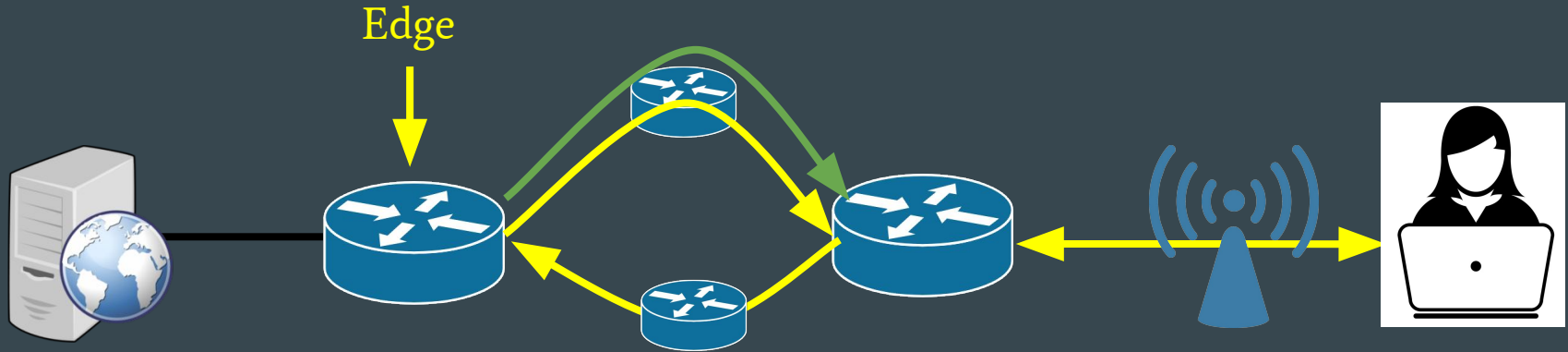


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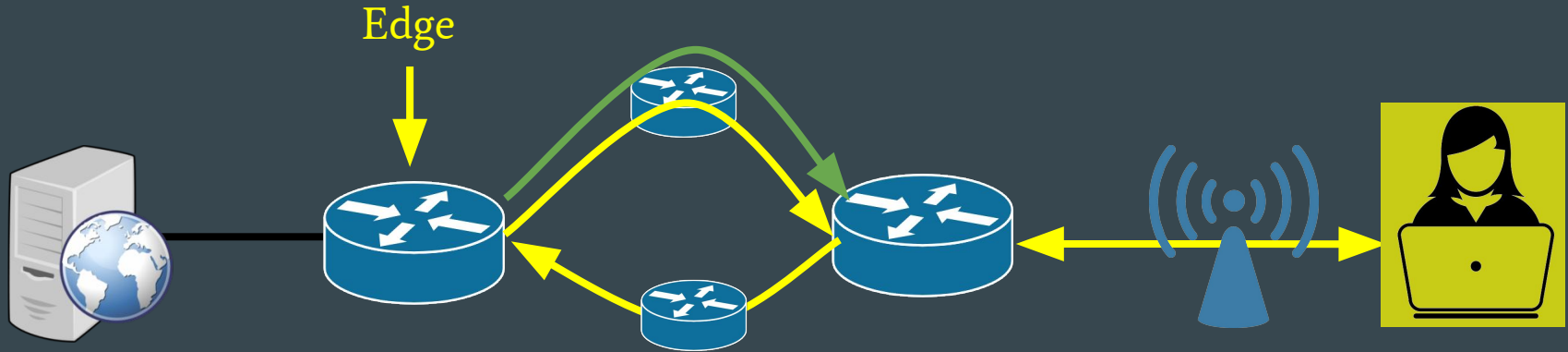
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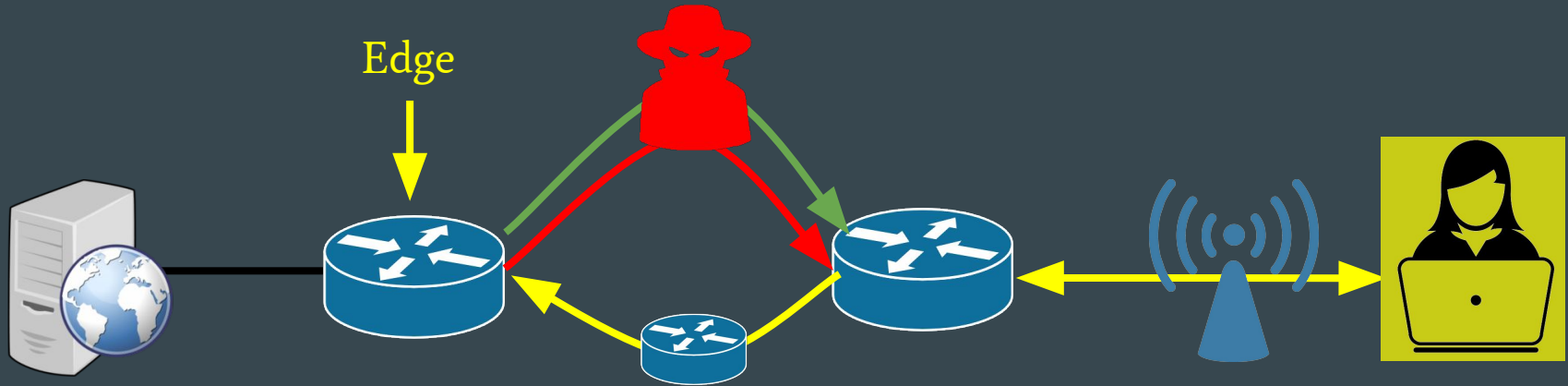
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- RTT includes edge network delays
- RTT monitoring requires understanding end host and L4 protocol behavior

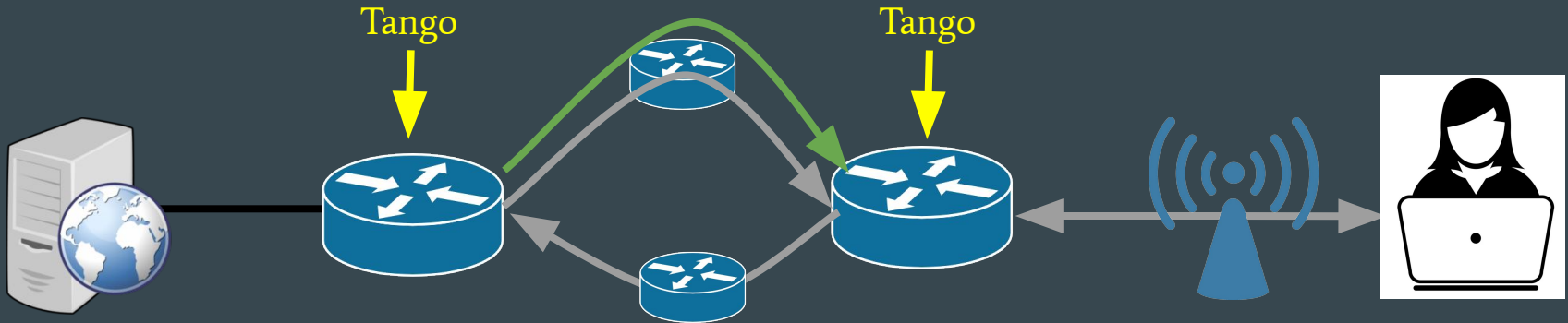
Why **Measurements** are hard



- An edge network only sees round-trip-time (RTT) not one-way-delay
- RTT includes edge network delays
- RTT monitoring requires understanding end host and L4 protocol behavior
- An attacker might try to persuade us that her RTT is lower
- Has to run at line rate

Improved **Measurements** through cooperation

- Custom Tango header added at the edge of the network using programmable switches or eBPF
- Measurements only include one-way, wide-area component
- Measurements do not rely on application behavior



Protecting measurements from adversaries

- An adversary could manipulate measurements to hijack traffic by making her route look more preferable

How to protect billions of sequence numbers a second?

- Protected packet fields:

- **Sequence numbers:** protects against adversary hiding lost packets
- **Timestamps:** protects against adversary manipulating latency
- **Route control messages:** protects against adversary forging ctrl messages

Signing sequence numbers

- Each sequence number **corresponds to an index** in a cipher book shared by the sender and receiver
- Packets contain the sequence number and **a single bit “signature”** from the corresponding book index to keep up with throughput
- Adversary has a 50/50 chance of guessing a signature, but **needs to guess many signatures** to meaningfully affect loss
- **Likelihood of avoiding detection** **decreases exponentially** with each guess

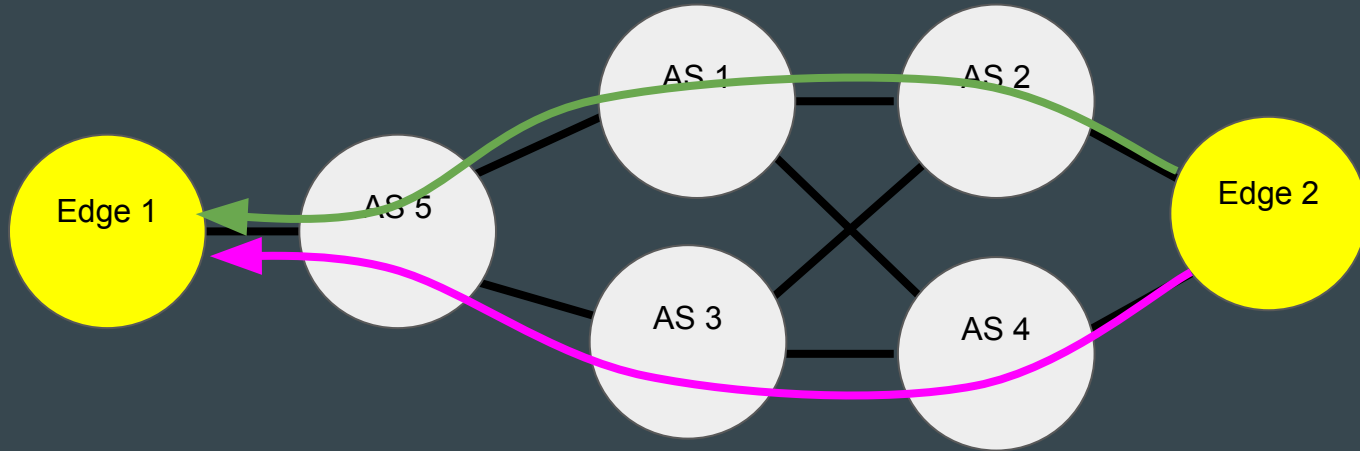
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- Path Diversity
- Measurements
- **Route Control**



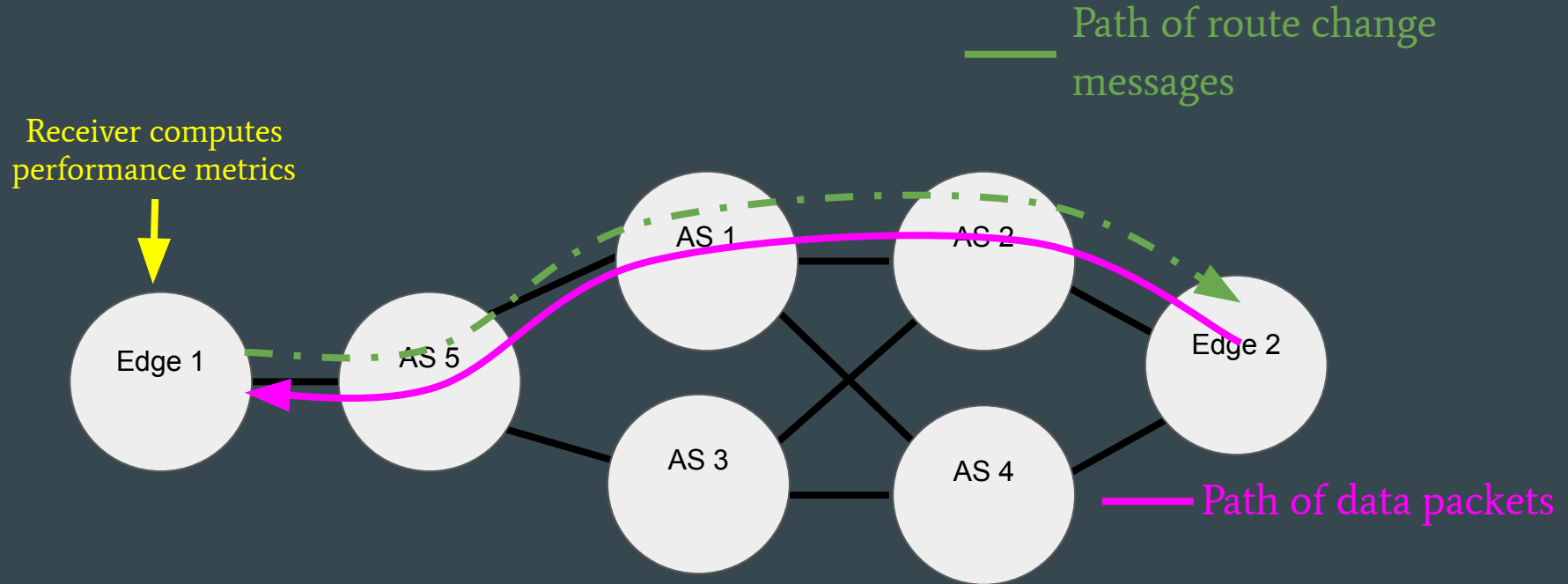
Challenges With Route Control

Consider traffic from Edge 2 to Edge 1



- Edge 1 sees one-way-delay data
- Edge 2 needs to know how to route packets

Real-time route control with Tango

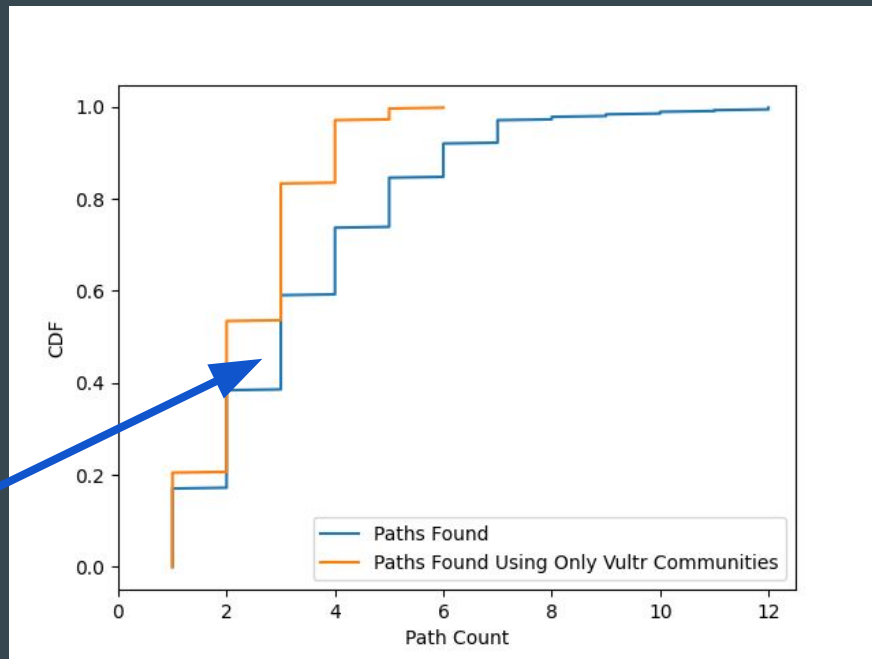


Evaluation

- **How many paths can we find?** ←
- **Can we beat the performance of the default path?**
- **Can we run measurements and crypto at line rate?**

How many paths can we find?

- Ran BGP pathfinder between 503 globally-distributed nodes from the cloud provider Vultr
- Took ~30min per pair (can be parallelized)
- By default Vultr only exported a single path
- 80% of nodes had additional paths
- **BGP Pathfinder can expose 3 paths for the median pair**
- Some nodes had as high as 10-12 paths



Evaluation

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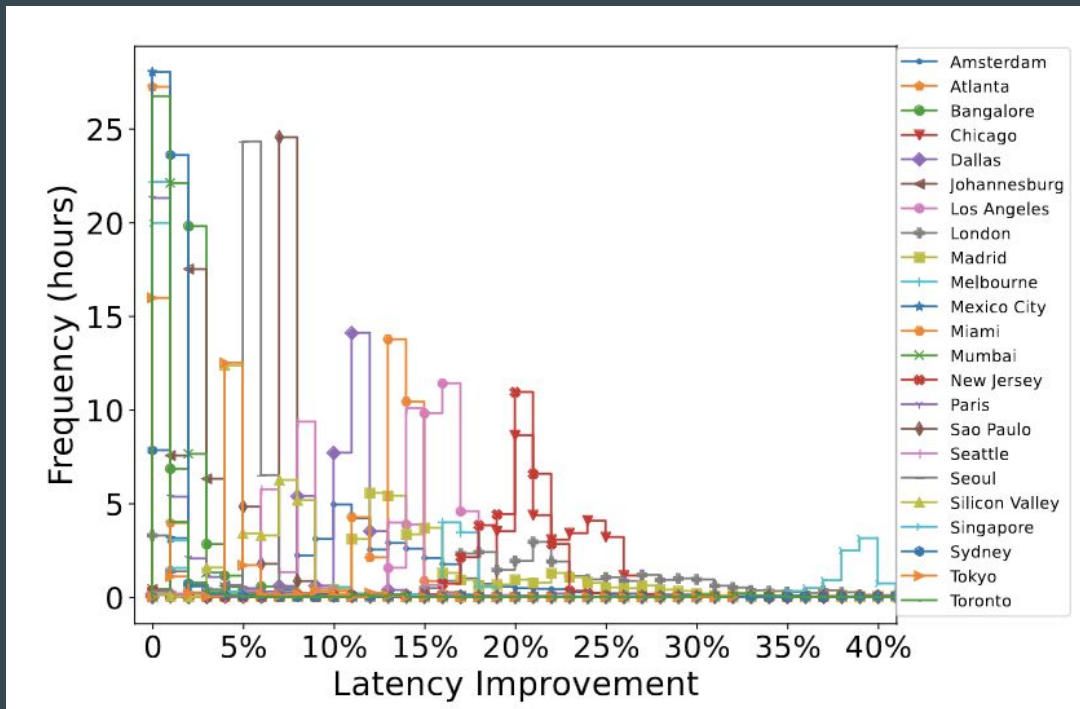
Tango performance measurements

- Took measurements from 25 global nodes
- Routed traffic over different paths to two destinations: LA and Stockholm
- Took latency and loss measurement every 10ms



Outperforming the Default Path

- For many src,dst pairs, the optimal Tango path had 22% lower latency than BGP default path
- In some cases, Tango saw a 39% improvement

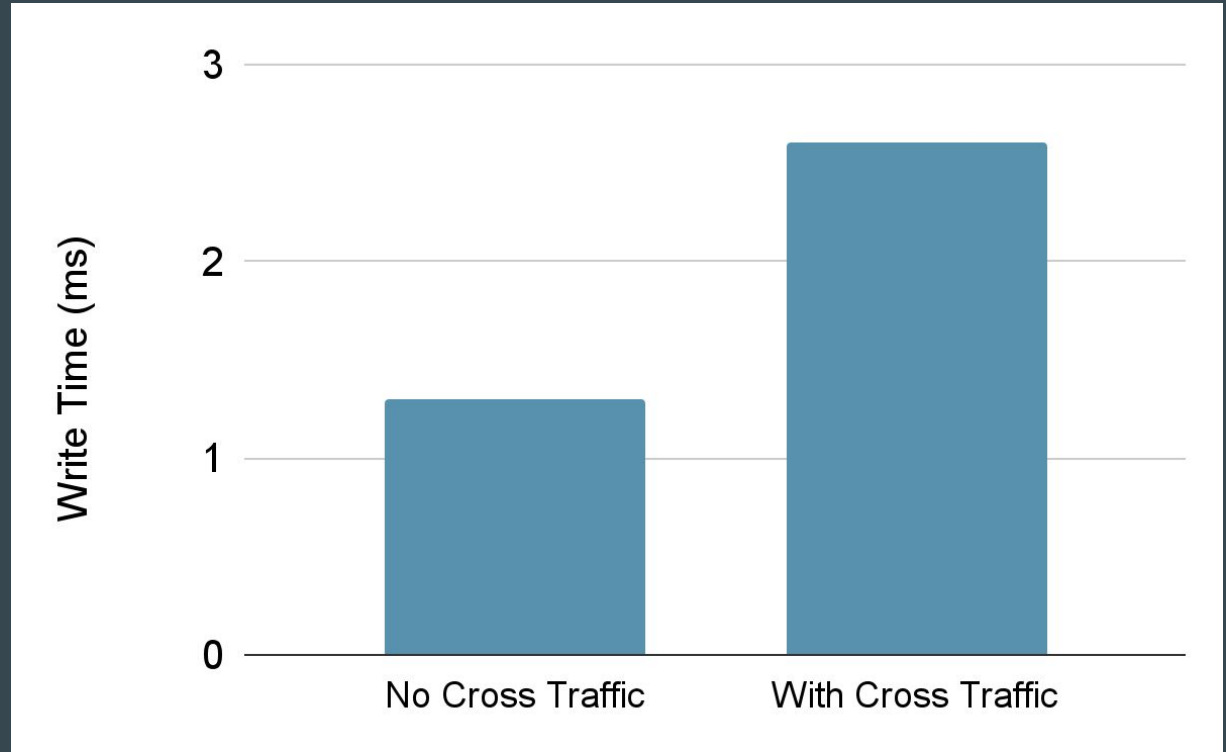


Evaluation

- How many paths can we find?
- Can we beat the performance of the default path?
- **Can we run measurements and crypto at line rate?** ←

Generating sequence number signatures at line rate

- Implemented on Tofinol Programmable Switch
- Signature values sent to switch in dataplane
- Switch recirculated packets and wrote signatures to data-plane registers
- Wrote 2^{20} signatures in 2.6ms even with cross traffic
- Keeps up with 100Gbps line rate



Conclusion



Tango

3 surprising finds from Tango

- We can find alternative paths through the public Internet
- These paths often have improved performance
- We can run trustworthy telemetry in the data plane

Questions?

Thank you for your time

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Offering Dynamic Route Control

- Several high-loss and high-latency events plague networks periodically
- Dynamically-switching to better paths can evade these events
- Often other unaffected paths exist

